

# “That’s Not Fair!” Operationalizing Fairness

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Campus Ombuds



# Story



# Session Overview

- Reflection Exercise
- Why is Fairness Important?
- The Fairness Pyramid

# Reflection Exercise

Try to remember a time where you felt you were treated unfairly.

1. Why do you think it was unfair?
2. How did it make you feel?
3. How did you respond?

# Why is Fairness Important?



# “That’s Not Fair!”

-Junia Larratt-Smith  
Fairness Expert



# Knocks against Fairness

Subjective and Arbitrary

Self-interested

Unrealistic

Lacks grit

Invalid consideration



# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-KSryJXDpZo>



# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

**Conflict mitigation**

# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

Conflict mitigation

**Culture of  
collaboration & trust**

Healthy Climate	“Lawful but Awful” Toxic Climate	Misconduct
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Healthy Communication</li><li>• Creative Collaboration</li><li>• Respectful Disagreement</li><li>• Friendly Competition</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regular Communication Breakdowns</li><li>• Conflict Avoidance</li><li>• Favoritism</li><li>• Email Tirades</li><li>• Rivalries / Factions / Triangulation</li><li>• Lingering Resentment</li><li>• Back-biting / gossip</li><li>• Micro-inequities</li><li>• Angry Outbursts</li><li>• Abrasive Behavior</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Parking Violation</li><li>• Retaliation</li><li>• Plagiarism</li><li>• Sexual Harassment</li><li>• Illegal Discrimination</li><li>• Fraud</li><li>• Violence</li></ul>

# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

Conflict mitigation

Culture of collaboration & trust

**Ethical foundation**

1) Fair dealing

“Members of the University community are expected to conduct themselves ethically, honestly and with integrity in all dealings. This means ***principles of fairness***, good faith and respect consistent with laws, regulations and University policies govern our conduct with others....”

-UC Standards of Ethical Conduct

# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

Conflict mitigation

Culture of collaboration & trust

Ethical foundation

**Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion**

**Inequities are  
distributed  
unequally.**

# Why is Fairness Important?

Innate need

Conflict mitigation

Culture of collaboration & trust

Ethical foundation

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

**Legitimacy of the system and its leaders**

Leaders and administrators have as much (if not more) reason to care about fairness than those who might be directly impacted by unfair processes.



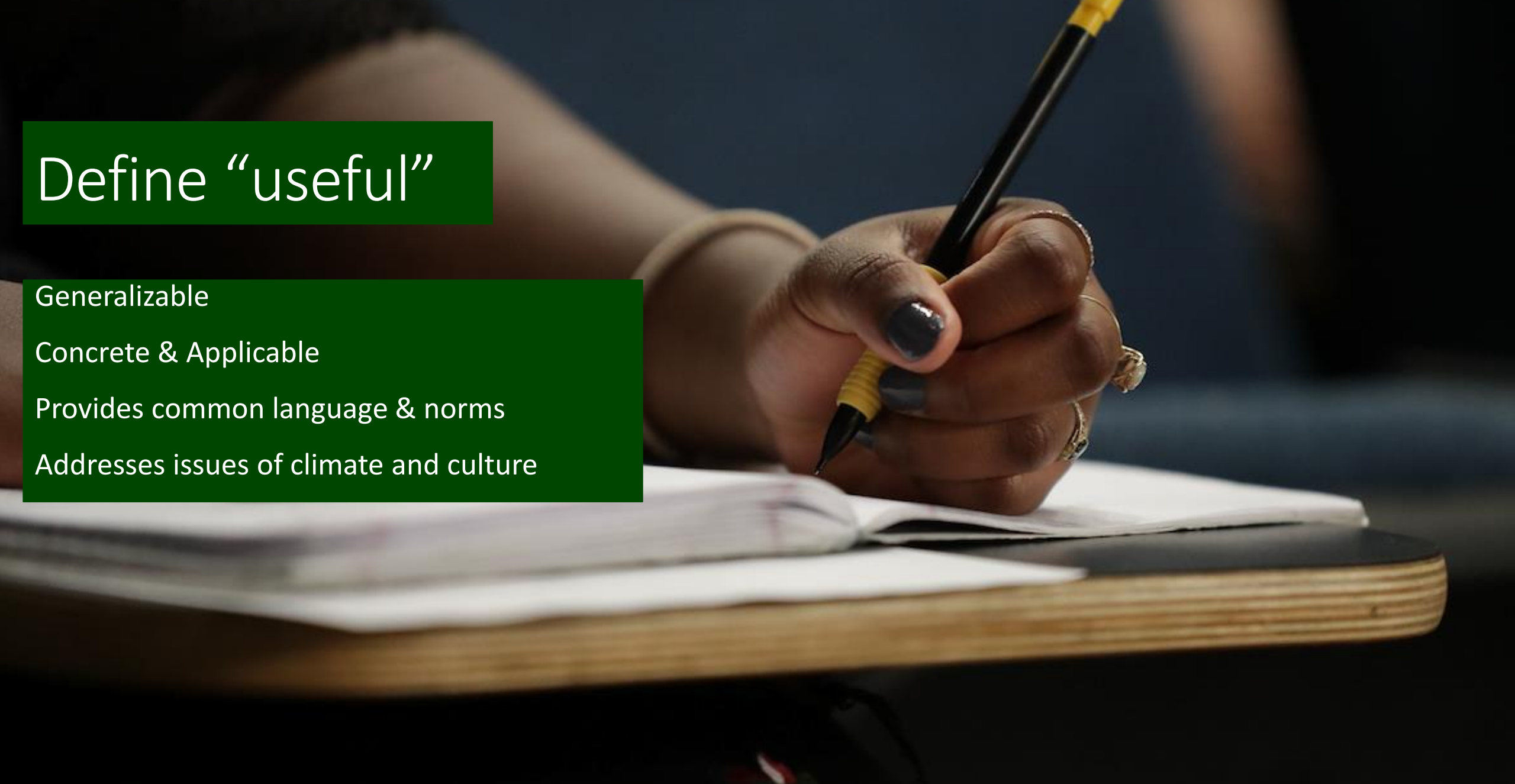
# The Fairness Pyramid

A young woman with long dark hair, wearing a pink hoodie, a pink baseball cap, and blue jeans, is sitting on a brick wall. She is looking down at a silver laptop open in front of her. To her right is a clear plastic cup with a red straw and a brown beverage. The background shows a sunny outdoor setting with trees and a building with a large sunburst logo.

First a Disclaimer...

“All models are wrong.  
Some are useful.”

-George Box



# Define “useful”

Generalizable

Concrete & Applicable

Provides common language & norms

Addresses issues of climate and culture



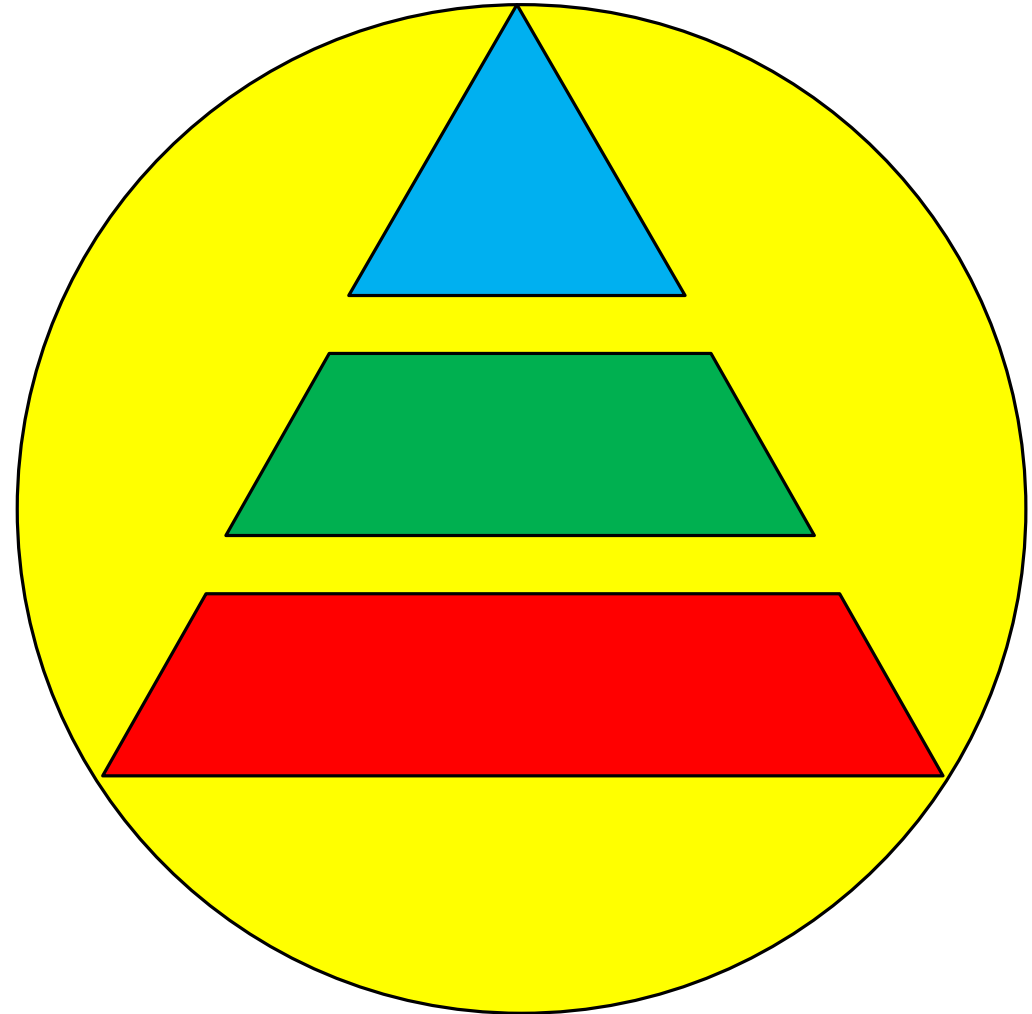
# The Fairness Pyramid

Fundamentals of Fairness (3)

Dimensions of Fairness (3)

Principles of Fairness (10)

Contexts of Fairness (3)



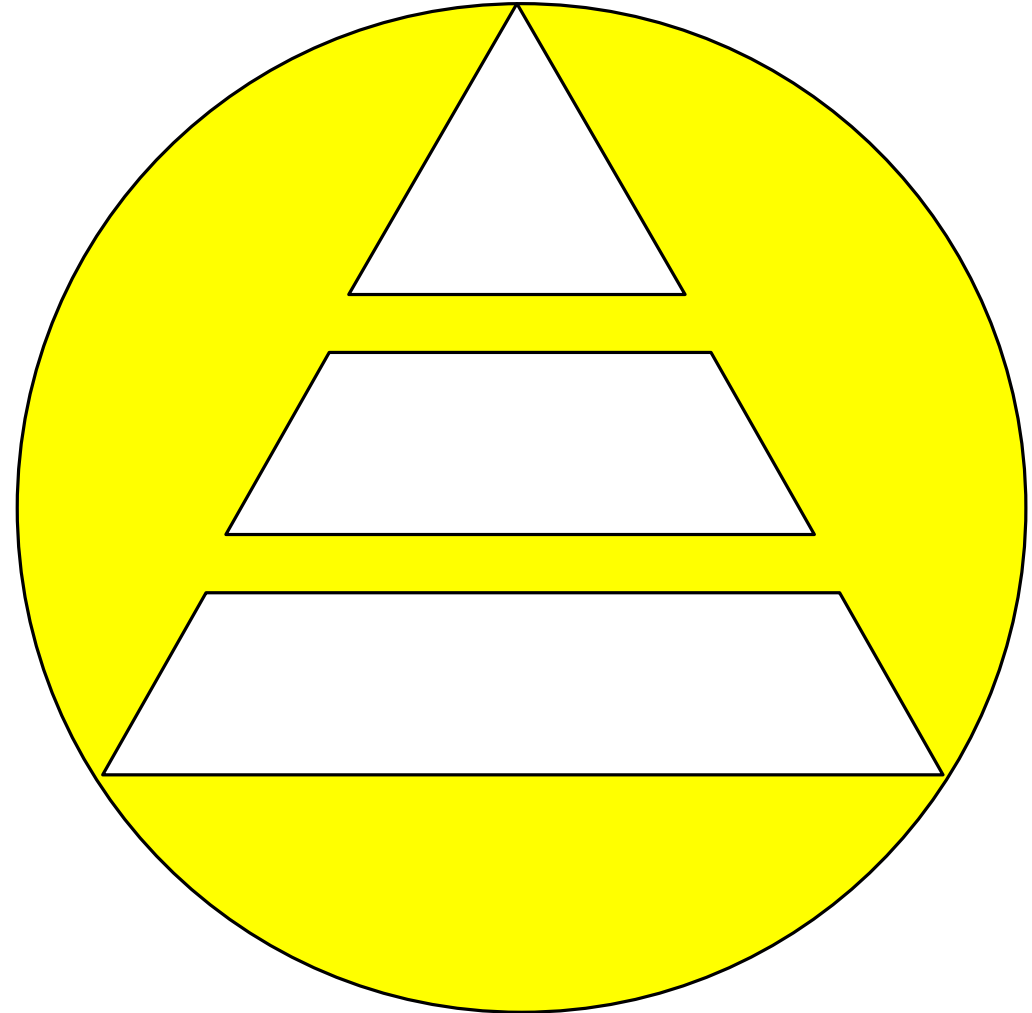
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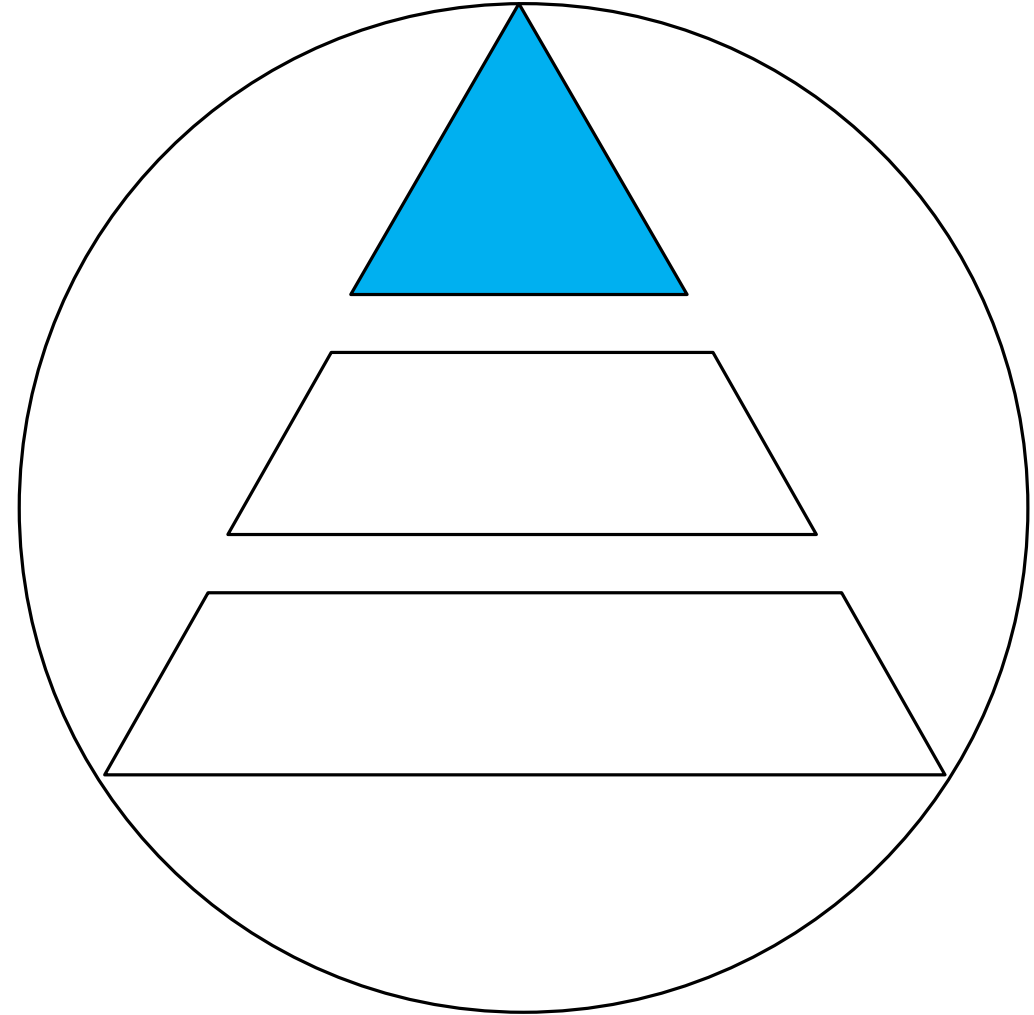
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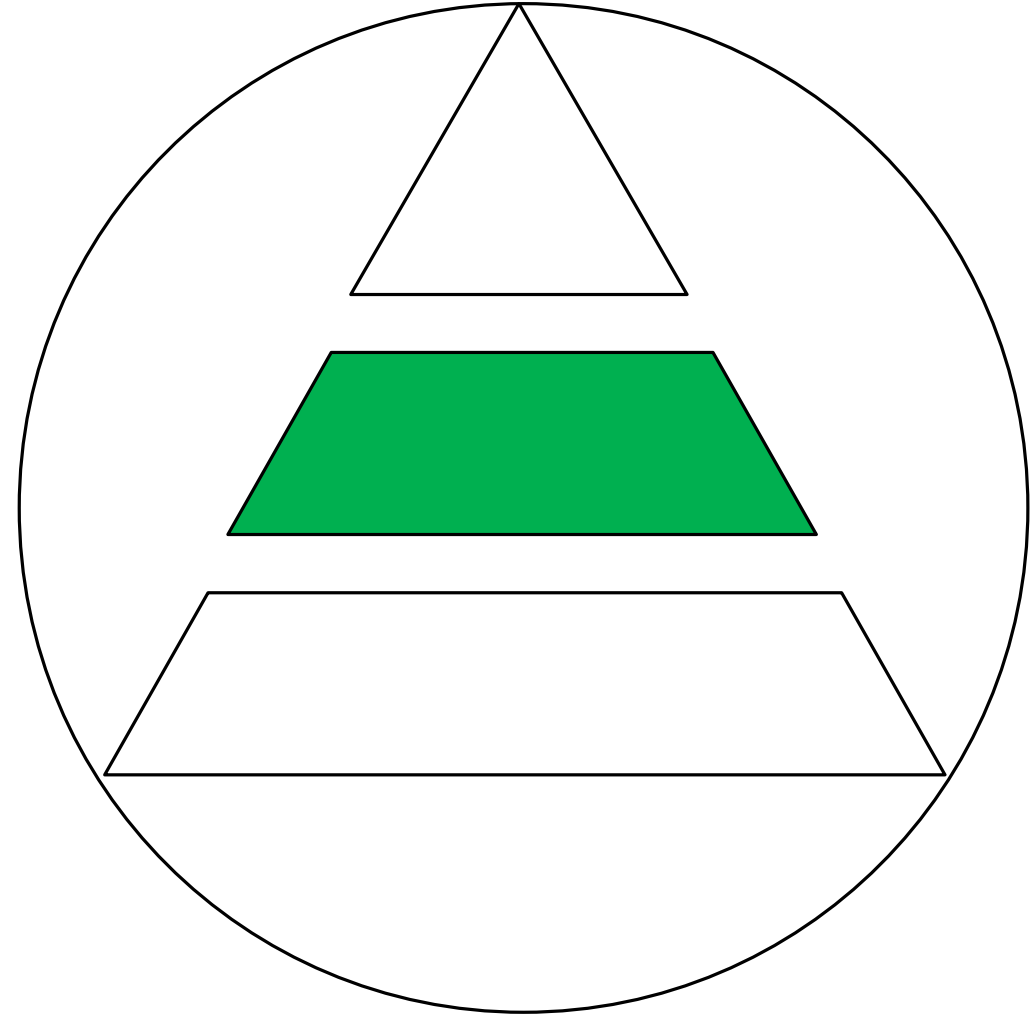
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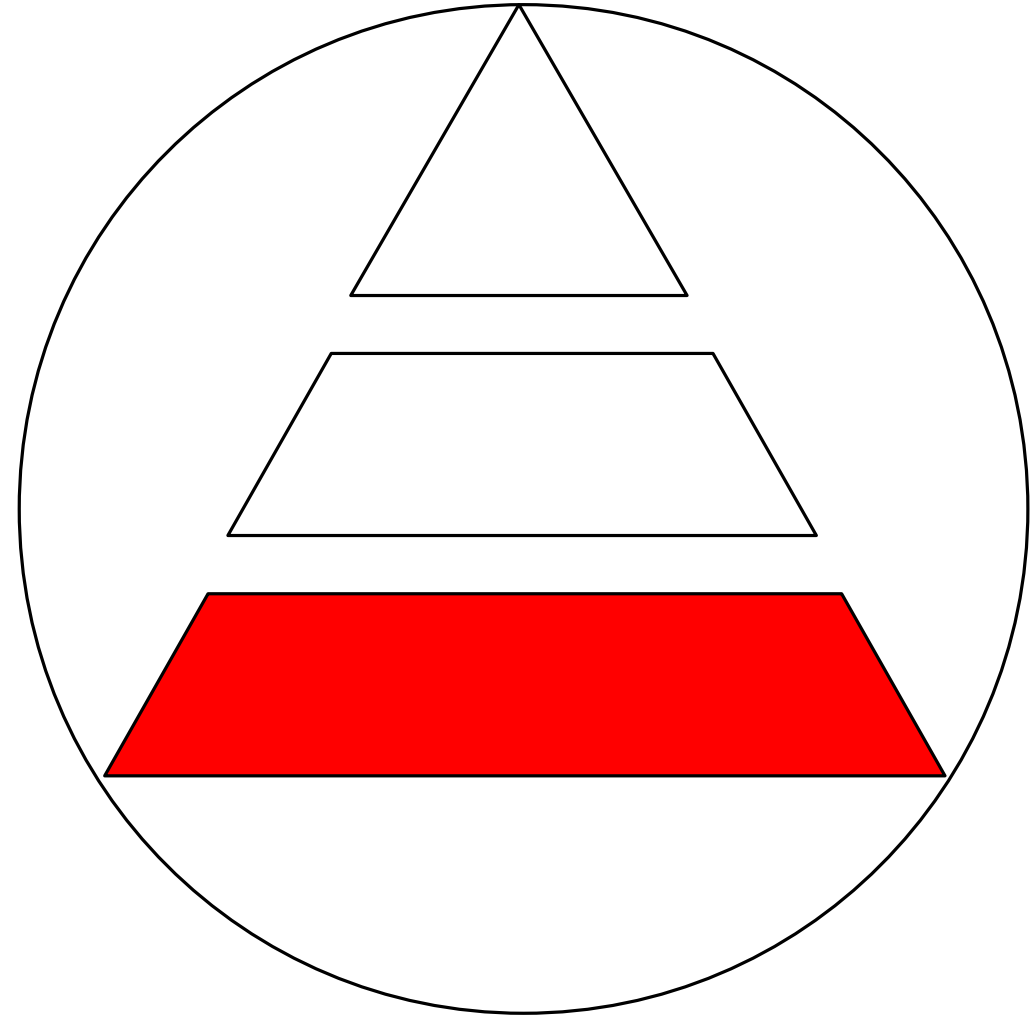
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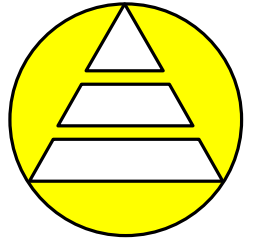
# Fundamentals of Fairness

**Principled**

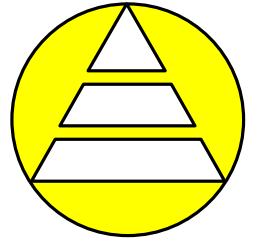
Degrees

Context Dependent

- Not an exact science
- Not entirely relative



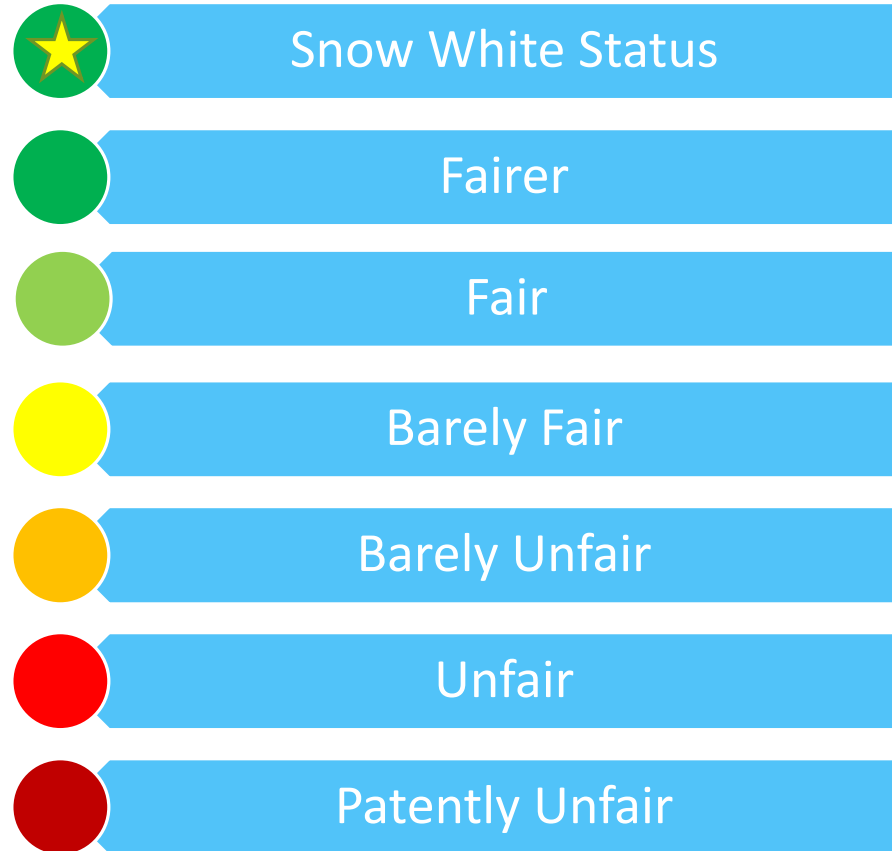
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Principled

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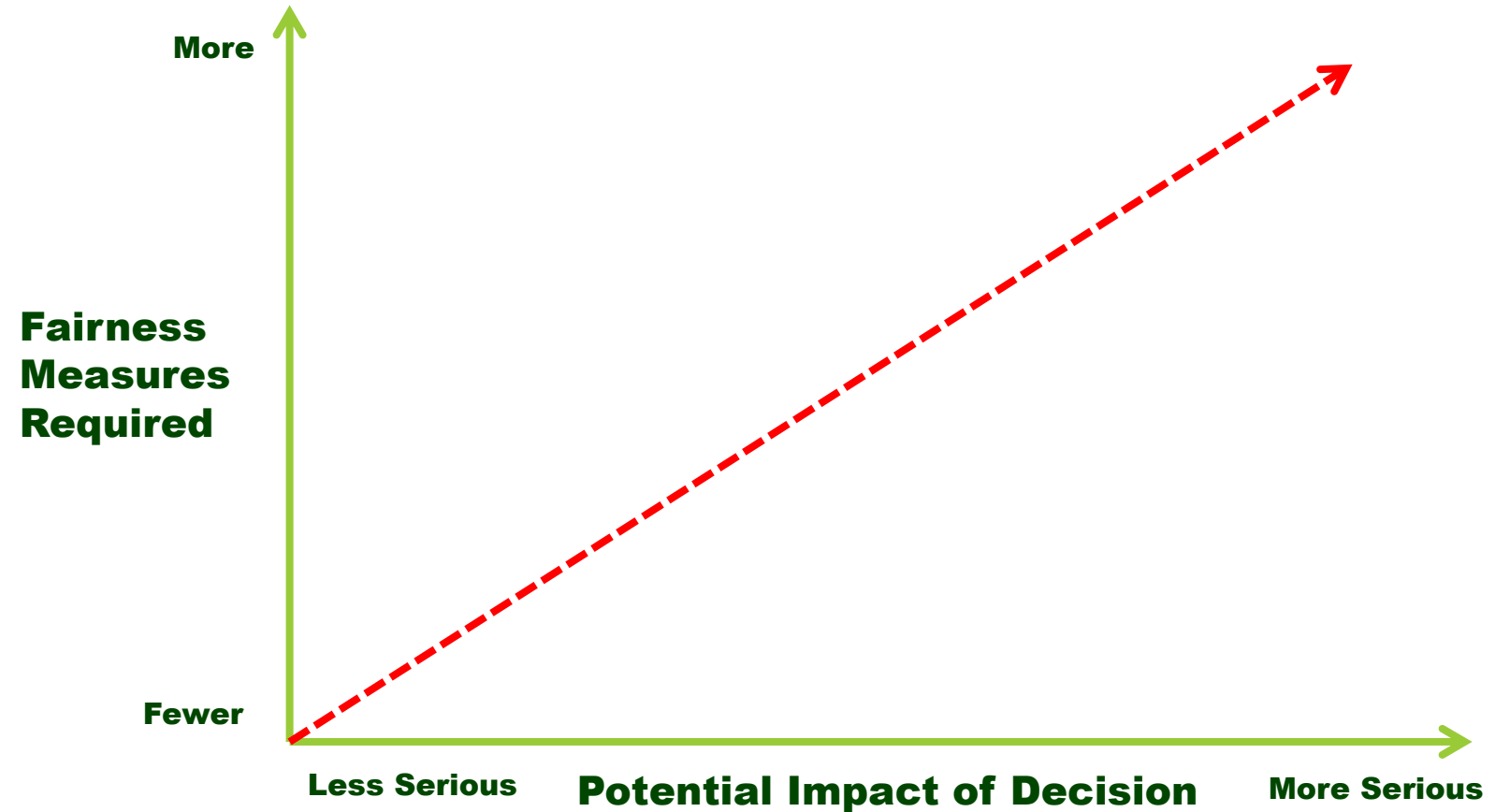
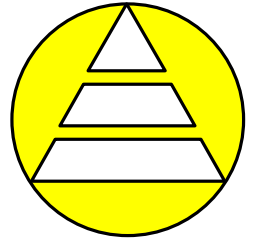


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Principled

Degrees

Context Dependent



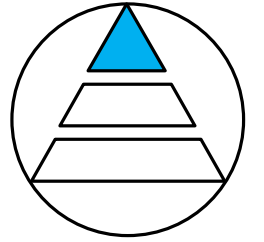


# Dimensions of Fairness

**Substantive Fairness**

Procedural Fairness

Relational Fairness



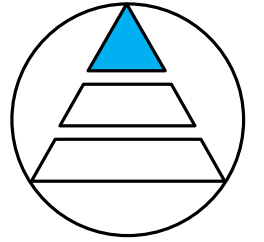
“Is the  
outcome  
fair?”

# Dimensions of Fairness

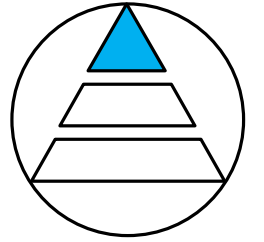
Substantive Fairness

**Procedural Fairness**

Relational Fairness



“Is the  
process  
fair?”



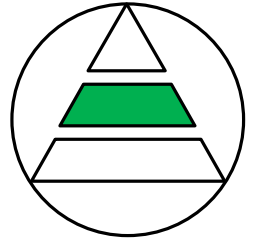
# Dimensions of Fairness

Substantive Fairness

Procedural Fairness

**Relational Fairness**

“Are people  
treated  
fairly?”

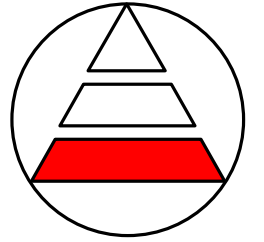


# Principles of Fairness

1. Proportionality
2. Accessibility
3. Confidentiality
4. Voice
5. Timeliness
6. Impartiality
7. Rationality
8. Accountability
9. Flexibility
10. Dignity

Instructions:

- 1) Form into groups.
- 2) For your assigned principle, read through the description and discuss as a group:
  - a) Why is this principle important?
  - b) What are the challenges in implementing this principle?
  - c) How might it apply in i) a sexual harassment investigation, ii) a departmental meeting, and iii) “PB4WEGO”
- 3) Be prepared to make a brief group presentation.



# Contexts of Fairness

A particular case or instance

The broader policy or process

Specific types of processes (e.g. Investigations)

Is it “useful?”

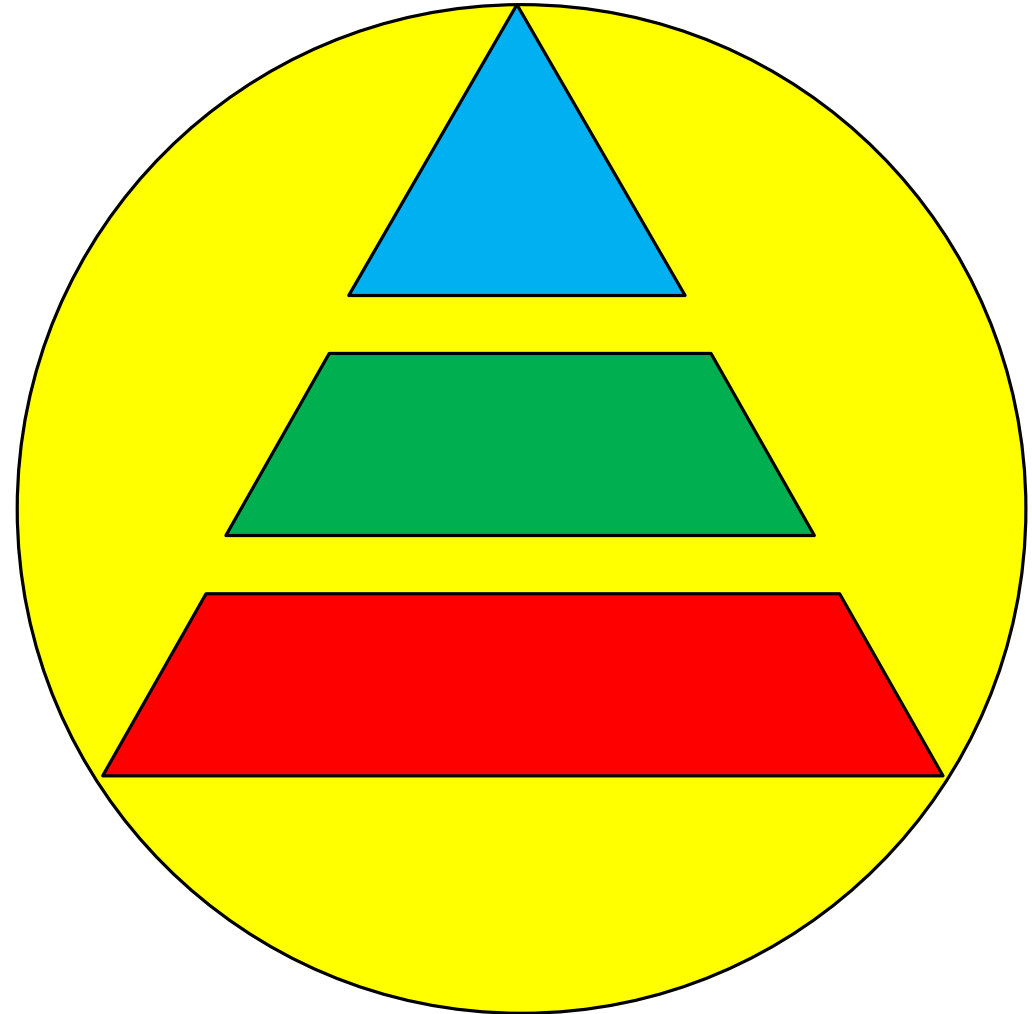
Is it generalizable?

Is it concrete & applicable?

Does it provides common language & norms?

Does it address issues of climate and culture?

Other insights?





Thank You!